1. Name				
Historic	1922 - 1940 Lemmon St	reet	4	
and / common			<u> </u>	
2. Location	(			
street & number	1922 - 1940 Lemmon S	treet		
city, town	Baltimore			
state & zip code	Maryland 21205	county		
X building(s)structuresiteobject	X privateboth Public Acquisitionin processbeing considerednot applicable	unoccupied work in progress Accessible X yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	park X private residencreligiousscientifictransportationother:
4. Owner o	1 Property	<del></del>		
street & number			telepl	none
5. Location	of Legal Descr	state & z	ap code	
	of deeds, etc. Baltimore City			liber
street & number		nell Courthouse	N/ 1 1	folio
city, town Baltin	lore	State	Maryland	
6. Represei	ntation in Existi	ng Historical	Surveys	
title		C. J1	22 Sec. 27 A-VIII	
date		federal stat	te county	local
depository for survey city, town	records	state & z	in code	
NAME AS A PARTY AND A PARTY AN		State of Z	an cour	

### Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Survey No. B-4935

7. Description

Condition		Check One	Check One	
excellent good x_ fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	$\frac{ \  \   unaltered}{X} \   altered$	X original site moved: date of move:	

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

This row of ten two-story, two-bay wide Italianate-style brick houses with shed roofs and wooden scroll-sawn bracketed cornices were built c. 1880. Four of the houses retain their original brick facades, which were always painted; the remainder have been covered with formstone.

The houses are two stories in height, 14' wide and occupy lots 58' deep. Each house is three small rooms deep and there is no backbuilding. The houses are constructed in running bond and were originally painted and striped. Each house has a single hooded chimney located at the rear corner of the house. The shed roofs are capped by a wooden cornice consisting of a crown molding supported by two long scroll-sawn brackets that connect to a lower molding strip and end with a distinct trefoil pattern. The wooden frieze area is decorated with a row of scroll-sawn modillions.

The window and door openings have narrow wood lintels and sills. Window openings are filled with 1/1 replacement sash or are boarded over. An original arched wood doorway enframement survives at 1934 Lemmon St. The transom and doorway, however, have been boarded over. Doorways have single-light transoms and modern replacement doors, but many openings are boarded over. The houses sit on fairly low basements, marked by a water table consisting of three projecting rows of stretcher bricks and lit by a single-light sash. Each house is reached by two concrete or brick steps.

<b>Maryland Historical</b>	Trust		
<b>Maryland Inventory</b>	of Historic	<b>Properties</b>	Form

Survey No. B-4935

### 8. Significance

Period	Area of significance	check one & justify		
prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 1800-1899 1900	archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications	X community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration industry invention	landscape architecturelawliteraturemilitarymusicphilosophypolitics/government	religion science sculpture X social/ humanitarian theatre transportation other: specify
Specific dates c. 1	880		Builder/Architect	

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

This group of houses significant as representing the level of architectural stylishness builders were willing to give to small street houses in the late nineteenth century and is testament to the fact that their was no stigma attached to small street living. The houses were built according to a pattern that was quite common to the city's working class neighborhoods of the period c. 1870 to 1910. Recognizing that workers held different levels of jobs (and pay), builders created a hierarchy of house sizes (and prices) in the new neighborhoods going up to serve the expanding factory districts ringing the harbor and northeast and southwest of the central city. Builders acquired anywhere from an eighth to a half of a city block and built 14' to 15'-wide three-bay-wide, two-story houses on the main streets, and smaller, 11' to 13'-wide two-bay-wide, two-story houses on the narrower streets bisecting the blocks. Typically, in this period, main street houses might sell for \$1,200 - \$1,500; small street houses for \$700 - \$900.

Occasionally, the builder retained ownership of his small street houses to provide income for himself as rental properties. In this way people of varying means could afford to live in the same block. If they couldn't afford the approximately \$750 purchase price of the small street houses, then they *could* afford the \$8 or so a month it would cost to rent one, while they saved to be able to buy their own home later.

The houses are especially significant because of their proximity to the slaughterhouses of southwest Baltimore and their related industries, particularly the William Wilkens & Co. Curled Hair Manufactory, one of the largest employers in the area. A number of German-American owned breweries were also located in this section of the city. Moderately-priced housing was built to provide homes for the mainly German immigrants who came to southwest Baltimore to work in these rapidly expanding industries in the decades after the Civil War.

### Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Survey No. B-4935

## 9. Major Bibliographic References

Mary Ellen Hayward and Charles Belfoure, *The Baltimore Rowhouse* (New York: Princeton Architectural Press, 1999)

# 10. Geographic Data

Acreage of nominated property

Quadrangle name

Verbal boundary description and justification

# 11. Form Prepared by

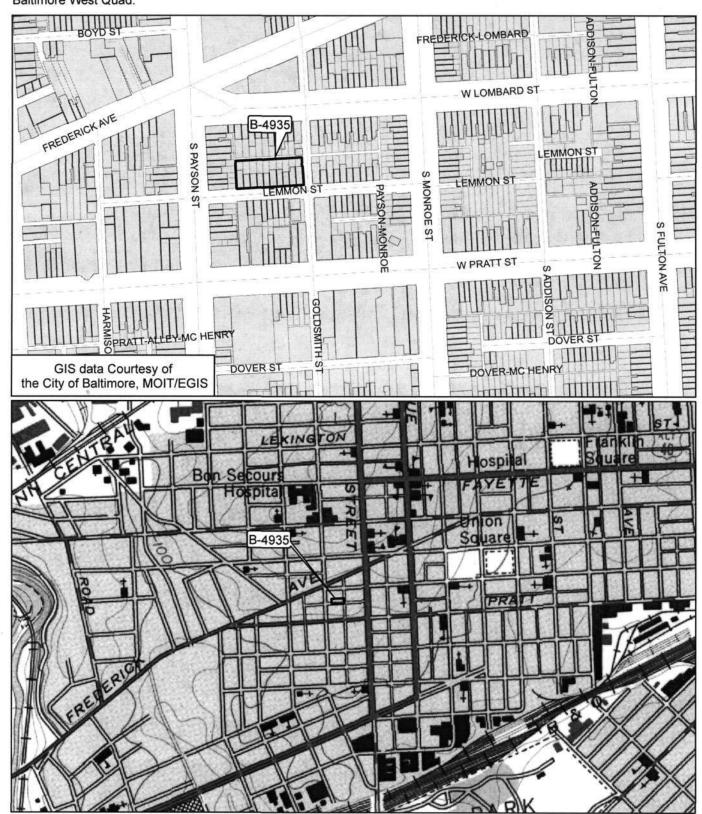
name / title   L	r. Mary Ellen Hayward				
Organization The Alley House Project		date	date		
street & number	1306 Carrollton Ave.	telephone			
city, town	Baltimore	state & zip code	Maryland	21204	

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotate Maryland, Article 41, section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement crights.

Return to: DHCP/DHCD Maryland Historical Trust 100 Community Place Crownsville MD 21032-2023

B-4935 1922-1940 Lemmon Street Block 0242, Lots 96-105 Baltimore City Baltimore West Quad.





B-4935 1922-1940 Lemmon St

BALTO, MD

W. Nield 4100

MD SAPO

1/2



B-4935 1934 LEMMON ST-BACTO.MD W.Nield 6/00 MBSHPO W